FISHING REGULATIONS



Please visit MyFWC.com/Fishing/Saltwater/Recreational for the most current regulations

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Licenses are also available toll-free at 1-888-FISHFLORIDA (1-888-347-4356). Processing fees apply to telephone and Internet sales.

Contact us

Go to MyFWC.com for up-to-date information on recreational saltwater fishing regulations, news and events as well as resources, publications and videos.

Visit the FWC's Fish and Wildlife Research Institute online at MyFWC.com/Research

For federal fishing regulations, please contact:

- Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council 888-833-1844 www.gulfcouncil.org
- South Atlantic Fishery Management Council 866-SAFMC-10 www.safmc.net
- National Marine Fisheries Service (NOAA Fisheries)
 727-824-5301
 www.nmfs.noaa.gov

For additional information please contact:

Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission

MvFWC.com

Division of Marine Fisheries Management 1875 Orange Ave East Tallahassee, Florida 32311 850-487-0554

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Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, Office of Human Resources, 620 South Meridian Street, Tallahassee, FL 32399-1600; Telephone 850-488-6411

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Wildlife alert reward program

Report fish and wildlife law violations by calling toll-free 1-888-404-FWCC (3922); on cell phones, dial *FWC or #FWC depending on service carrier; or click MyFWC.com/Contact.

On the cover

Nick VanMeter, VP of the Pensacola Recreational Fisherman's Assoc.

Photo by Margret Thompson.

Have a picture for the cover? Please send your photographs to: Saltwater@MyFWC.com.











Introduction

This publication is provided as a guide to Florida fishing laws and regulations. The Florida Administrative Code is the final authority on fishing laws. The Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC) strives to ensure information in this booklet is accurate, but assumes no liability for any errors that occur in this publication. Contact the FWC if you have any questions on issues not covered in this booklet. A continuously updated electronic version of this publication is available at MyFWC. com/Fishing by clicking on "Saltwater" and "Recreational Regulations."

About licenses and permits

The money collected from saltwater fishing licenses and permits is used to improve and restore fish habitat and for marine fisheries research, law enforcement and public education on marine resources. Recreational licenses and permits, including reprints, are available at GoOutdoorsFlorida.com, tax collectors' offices, license agents, or by calling toll-free 888-FISH-FLORIDA (347-4356). Handling fees apply to telephone and Internet sales. See more information on page 24.

Thank you for contributing to conservation

Your purchases of fishing equipment, motorboat fuel and fishing licenses help improve fishing and boating opportunities in Florida! Through the Sport Fish Restoration program, a federal "user-pay, public-benefit" system of conservation, millions of dollars in funding each year go toward fisheries research, stock enhancement, artificial reefs, boating access improvements, angler outreach and aquatic education. To learn more, visit MyFWC.com/SFR



Upcoming events (subject to change)

- Jan. 24-26, 2020: Jacksonville Boat Show
- Feb. 6-17, 2020: Florida State Fair, Tampa
- Feb. 14-16, 2020: Big Boy Toyz, Punta Gorda
- March 14-15, 2020: Florida Sportsman Expo, Ft. Myers
- March 20-23, 2020: News Channel 8 Outdoor Expo and Boat Show, Tampa
- July 14-17, 2020: ICAST, Orlando

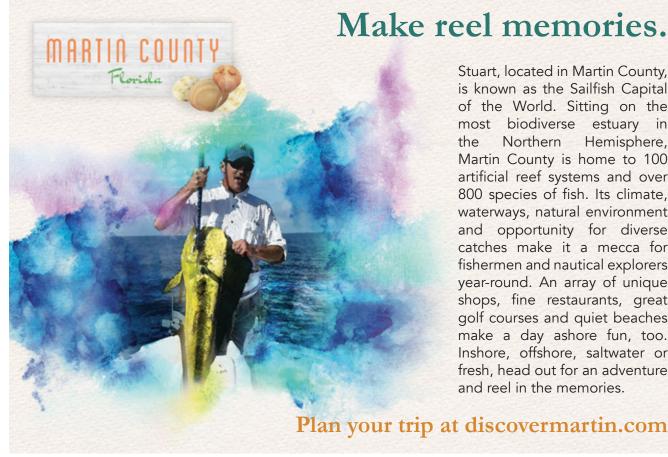
2020 Commission meeting dates and locations

Subject to change due to availability of appropriate facilities to hold the meeting.

- February 19–20, 2020
- May 13-14, 2020
- July 22-23, 2020
- October 7-8, 2020
- December 16–17, 2020

*Dates subject to change

For more information about Commission meeting dates, times, locations and agendas, visit MyFWC.com and click on "About" and "Commission Meetings" on the top of the page.

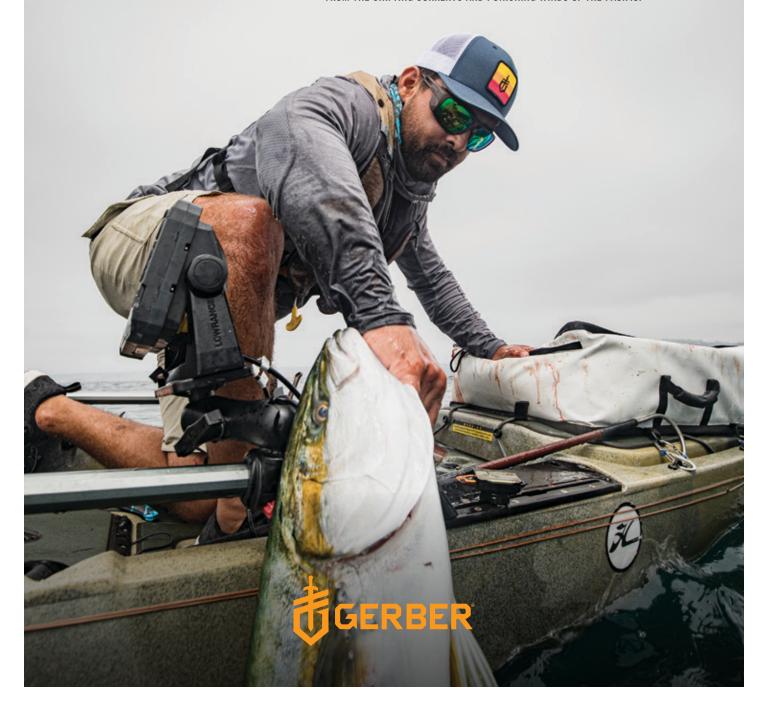


Stuart, located in Martin County, is known as the Sailfish Capital of the World. Sitting on the most biodiverse estuary in the Northern Hemisphere, Martin County is home to 100 artificial reef systems and over 800 species of fish. Its climate, waterways, natural environment and opportunity for diverse catches make it a mecca for fishermen and nautical explorers year-round. An array of unique shops, fine restaurants, great golf courses and quiet beaches make a day ashore fun, too. Inshore, offshore, saltwater or fresh, head out for an adventure and reel in the memories.

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PROFESSIONAL KAYAK ANGLER HOWIE STRECH DOESN'T BACK DOWN FROM THE SHIFTING CURRENTS AND PUNISHING WINDS OF THE PACIFIC.



Message from the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commissioners

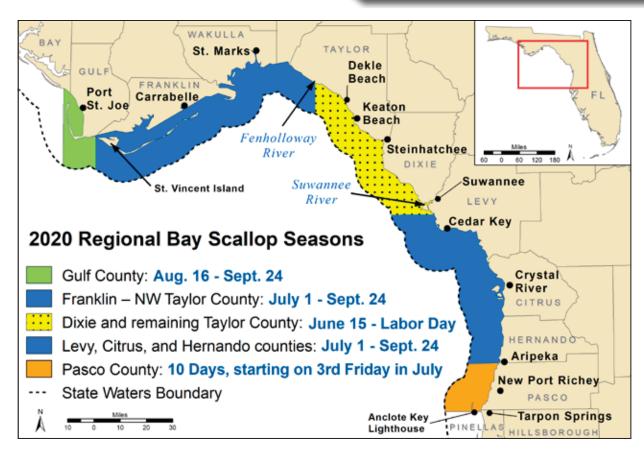


As Commissioners, we are always impressed by Florida's conservationminded anglers. Anglers that care not only about catching a big fish, but those who are out in the resource day in and day out and want to make sure our fisheries and their habitats are top notch. We see it in the way anglers fish, and their increasing use of tools and methods that help ensure released fish go on to live, reproduce, and be caught another day. When concerns arise about a fishery, they take action and turn out for important issues at our workshops, Commission meetings, and on our online commenting portal at MyFWC.com/SaltwaterComments. We see it in the way you contribute to conservation efforts like Sport Fish Restoration, a national user-pay, public-benefit program that supports the creation of artificial reefs, boat ramps, educational programs, research and more through funds gathered when anglers purchase tackle, fishing licenses and motorboat fuel. We see it when you take the time to talk to researchers at the dock and return surveys that inform fishery stock assessments and management. And we see it when you advocate for conservation of fisheries like blackfin tuna. Based on angler requests, the Commission recently approved new recreational limits for blackfin tuna (see page 11 for information on new regulations effective Jan. 1). Florida's anglers are FWC's eyes and ears on the water, letting us know when and where issues might be arising. We hear from anglers all the time about how important it is not only to be able to have access to fishing, but to have fisheries that are abundant and healthy. And for that, we thank you Florida anglers. You are the reason Florida is the Fishing Capital of the World.

For more information, contact the FWC Division of Marine Fisheries Management at Marine@MyFWC.com or 850-487-0554.









Know Your Management Zones

For most species, Florida's recreational bag limits apply to all state waters off Florida, which extend out to 3 nautical miles on the Atlantic and out to 9 nautical miles on the Gulf. The following maps provide information regarding two species that have specific management zones where bag limits or rules vary by region. Great barracuda (map not included) also has a new bag limit of two fish per person and six per vessel that applies within all state and federal waters off Collier, Monroe, Miami-Dade, Broward, Palm Beach and Martin counties. Barracuda is not specifically regulated in other areas.

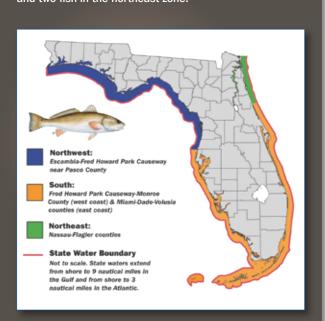
See the link below for management zones on gag grouper, hogfish, snook, permit and weakfish.

MyFWC.com/Fishing/Saltwater/Recreational/Maps

Morld's Finest Airboats AMERICANS AMERICAN AND E AMERICAN AME

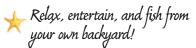
Red Drum Management Zones

For red drum, there are three management zones. The daily bag limit is one fish in the northwest and south zones and two fish in the northeast zone.









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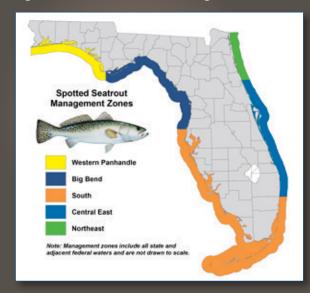
Rudy at Keys Country Realty and Development



Rodolfo "Rudy" Sardina Broker Associate Keys Country Realty and Development, Inc. 786-308-9186

Spotted Seatrout Management Zones

Spotted seatrout has five management zones and the recreational bag limit is three fish in the western panhandle region, five fish in the big bend region, three fish in the the south region, two fish in the central east region and five fish in the northeast region.

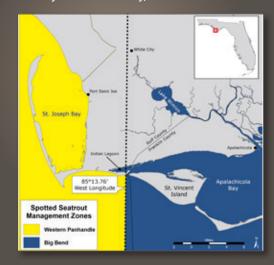


Seatrout Boundaries

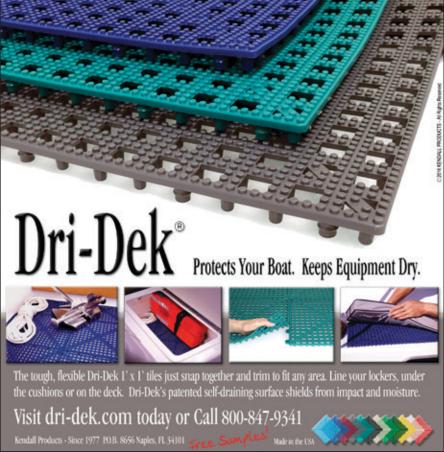


Creating two new zones by splitting the Northwest spotted seatrout management zone into the: (See maps below.)

- Western Panhandle (Escambia County through the portions of Gulf County west of longitude 85 degrees, 13.76 minutes but NOT including Indian Pass/Indian Lagoon).
- Big Bend (remaining portion of Gulf County plus Indian Lagoon, and Franklin County through Fred Howard Park Causeway in Pinellas County).







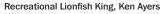
FWC celebrates the 2019 Lionfish Challenge

The FWC is excited to announce that the Lionfish Challenge removal incentive program has continued to grow in its fourth year with solid diver participation and lionfish removals. A total of 148 recreational and commercial harvesters removed thousands of lionfish from Florida waters during the four-month Challenge that started on Lionfish Removal and Awareness Day (May 18, 2019) and ended on Labor Day (Sept. 2, 2019). Through a variety of initiatives, including the Lionfish Challenge, FWC has tracked the removal of over 689,000 lionfish from Florida waters since 2014.

Lionfish Challenge Recreational Category				
	NAME	NUMBER OF LIONFISH CAUGHT		
1st place Lionfish King	Ken Ayers	1,194		
2nd place	John McCain	983		
3rd place	Shea Lowe	942		

Lionfish Challenge Commercial Category					
	NAME	NUMBER OF LIONFISH CAUGHT			
1st place Commercial Champion	Josh Livingston	3,192.8 lbs.			
2nd place	Ron Surrency	1,720 lbs.			
3rd place	Alex Fogg	1,210.5 lbs.			







Commercial Champion, Josh Livingston (left)

The 2019 Lionfish Challenge recreational Lionfish King is Ken Ayers of Bay County. Ayers earned this designation after harvesting a total of 1,194 lionfish. Ayers has participated in the Challenge since its inception and was the recreational Lionfish King in 2017.

This year's Commercial Champion is Josh Livingston of Okaloosa County. Livingston harvested a total of 3,192.8 pounds of lionfish (poundage equates to about 3,520.2 fish). Livingston targets lionfish and other reef fish species commercially out of Destin on the vessel Dreadknot.

Ayers and Livingston were each presented with a custom-made glass lionfish trophy from Driftwood Galleries, an HP 100 SCUBA cylinder, and a \$500 gift card for SCUBA tank air refills.

The 2019 Challenge also included a new largest and smallest lionfish category. Participants could submit lionfish to regional FWC offices for entry. The three largest and three smallest lionfish submitted by the conclusion of the Lionfish Challenge were awarded cash prizes donated by generous sponsors. First place for large or small received \$3,000, 2nd place received \$1,500, and 3rd place received \$500. Twenty divers across the state submitted 30 lionfish for the largest and smallest category.

The largest lionfish submitted was 433 mm by Ron Surrency, 2nd largest 420 mm by Josh Livingston, and 3rd largest 414 mm by Koa Viravong. The smallest lionfish submitted was 37 mm by Nikki Cox, 2nd smallest 45 mm by Ken Ayers, and 3rd smallest 52 mm by Alex Fogg.

A special thanks to the 50 dive shops that served as checkpoints for recreational submissions and for the generous donations from our program sponsors: American Sportfishing Association, Marine Industries Association of Palm Beach County, National Marine Manufacturer's Association, Yamaha Motors, Florida Underwater Sports, Toothless Life, Lionator Pole Spear, Neritic, and Stream2sea, Zookeeper, Customatic Optics, and Engle.

To learn more about the Challenge, including dates for next year's event, and to see a full list of participants and prize winners, visit FWCReefRangers.com. For questions, email Lionfish@MyFWC.com

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FLORIDA WILDLIFE FEDERATION supports clean marine habitats, sea grass protection and recreational fishing and was at the forefront of banning oil drilling near our beaches. We strive to keep our home state sustainable for ourselves and our children.



Photo by Jadiel Alfonso



(please visit: MyFWC.com/Fishing/Saltwater/Recreational

for the most current regulations)

All art: © Diane Rome Peebles, except snowy grouper (Duane Raver)

Reef Fish

Snapper

General Snapper Regulations:

- Snapper Aggregate Bag **Limit - Within state waters** of the Atlantic and Gulf, all species of spapper are included in a 10 fish per harvester per day aggregate bag limit in any combination of snapper species, unless stated otherwise.
- Seasons If no seasonal information is provided, the species is open year-round.



Snapper, Cubera ▲ ◆

Minimum Size Limits:

. Atlantic and Gulf - 12" (see remarks)

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

- . Atlantic and Gulf 10 per harvester under 30", included within snapper aggregate bag limit
- . May additionally harvest up to 2 per harvester or vessel-whichever is lessover 30" and these 2 fish over 30" are not included within snapper aggregate



Snapper, Red **Minimum Size Limits:**

- Atlantic 20'
- Gulf 16"

Season:

- Atlantic Open year-round
- Gulf 2020 season TBD, see MyFWC.com for updates

Daily Recreational Bag Limit: Atlantic and Gulf - 2 per harvester

• Gulf - Zero daily bag and possession limit for captain and crew on for-hire vessels.



Snapper, Vermilion ▲◆●X

Minimum Size Limits:

- Atlantic 12"
- Gulf 10'

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

- Atlantic 5 per harvester not included
- within snapper aggregate bag limit • Gulf - 10 per harvester not included within snapper aggregate bag limit



Minimum Size Limits:

. Atlantic and Gulf - 8'

Other Snapper

Minimum Size Limits:

. Atlantic and Gulf - 12"

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

Atlantic and Gulf - 10 per harvester

Remarks

- . Includes: Dog. Mahogany. and Yellowtail
- No minimum size limit for Blackfin, Queen, and Silk



Snapper, Gray (Mangrove)

Minimum Size Limits:

• Atlantic and Gulf - 10"

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

. Atlantic and Gulf - 5 per harvester



Minimum Size Limits:

• Atlantic and Gulf - 18"

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

. Atlantic and Gulf - 5 per harvester



Minimum Size Limits:

• Atlantic and Gulf - 10"

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

. Atlantic and Gulf - 10 per harvester



Minimum Size Limits:

· Atlantic and Gulf - None

• Atlantic and Gulf - 10 per harvester

Grouper

Atlantic Grouper **General Regulations:**

- Atlantic grouper regulations apply to all state waters of the Atlantic and all state waters off Monroe County (Gulf and Atlantic sides).
- Atlantic Grouper Aggregate Bag Limit - all species of grouper plus golden tilefish in the Atlantic are included in a 3 fish per harvester per day aggregate bag limit in any combination of grouper/ golden tilefish species.
- Seasons If no seasonal information is provided, the species is open year-round.

Gulf Grouper General Regulations:

- · Gulf grouper regulations apply to all state waters of the Gulf except off Monroe County (where Atlantic rules apply).
- Gulf Grouper Aggregate Bag Limit - all species of grouper in the Gulf are included in a 4 fish per harvester per day aggregate bag limit in any combination of grouper species.
- . Seasons If no seasonal information is provided, the species is open year-round.
- * Zero bag limit for captain and crew of for-hire vessels applies to gag, black, and red grouper only.



Grouper, Black ▲ ◆ •

Minimum Size Limits:

- Atlantic 24'
- Gulf 24"

Season:

- Atlantic Closed Ian 1-April 30
- · Gulf Open year-round

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

- . Atlantic 1 per harvester. Only 1 fish can be gag or black
- . Gulf 4 per harvester*



Minimum Size Limits:

- Atlantic 20"
- Gulf 16"

Season:

- Atlantic Closed Jan. 1-April 30
- · Gulf Open year-round

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

- Atlantic 3 per harvester
- Gulf 4 per harvester



Grouper, Snowy

Minimum Size Limit: . Atlantic and Gulf - None

- · Atlantic 1 per harvester

- · Gulf 4 per harvester



Daily Recreational Bag Limit:



Grouper, Red

Minimum Size Limits: . Atlantic and Gulf - 20'

- Season: • Atlantic - Closed Jan. 1-April 30
- · Gulf Open year-round

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

· Atlantic - 3 per harvester • Gulf - 2 per Harvester*



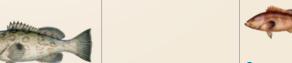
Grouper, Warsaw & Speckled Hind

Minimum Size Limits:

· Atlantic and Gulf - None

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

• Atlantic and Gulf - 1 per vessel per day of each species



Gag Grouper Minimum Size Limits:

- Atlantic 24"
- Gulf 24"

Season:

- Atlantic Closed: Jan. 1-April 30 Gulf - State waters off Franklin, Wakulla. Jefferson and Taylor counties: Open April 1
- -June 30, & Sept 1-Dec. 31. . Gulf - State waters off all other counties: Open June 1-Dec. 31

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

- Atlantic 1 per harvester. Only 1 fish can be gag or black
- Gulf 2 per harvester*

Other Grouper

Other Grouper includes: · Rock Hind, Red Hind, Coney and

Graysby

Minimum Size Limit: · Atlantic and Gulf - None

- Season:
- Atlantic Closed Jan. 1-April 30 · Gulf - Open year-round

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

Aggregate bag limits apply



Grouper, Yellowfin

& Yellowmouth

Minimum Size Limits: . Atlantic and Gulf - 20

- Season: • Atlantic - Closed Jan. 1-April 30
- · Gulf Open year-round







& Wenchman

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:



Reef Fish

Other Reef Fish (If no season information is provided, the species is open year-round)



Amberjack, Greater

Minimum Size Limits:

- Atlantic 28" fork length
- Gulf 34" fork length

Season:

- Atlantic Open year-round
 Gulf Open May 1-May 31, Aug. 1-Oct. 31
- Daily Recreational Bag Limit:
- Atlantic and Gulf 1 per harvester



Red Porgy Minimum Size Limits:

- Atlantic 14"
- Gulf None

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

- Atlantic 3 per harvester
- Gulf 100 pounds



Great Barracuda

Regulations only apply in Collier, Monroe, Miami-Dade, Broward, Palm Beach, and Martin counties.

Minimum Size Limits:

• Not less than 15" or more than 36"

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

- 2 per person or 6 per vessel
- May possess one over 36" per vessel.
- Unregulated in all other areas.



Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

- Atlantic 1 per harvester
- Gulf 4 per harvester

Remarks

 Golden tilefish included within Atlantic and Gulf Grouper aggregate bag limits



Atlantic regulations apply to Monroe county

Minimum Size Limits:

- Atlantic 16" fork length
- Gulf 14" fork length

Season:

- Atlantic Open May 1-Oct. 31
- Gulf Open year round

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

- Atlantic 1 per harvester
- Gulf 5 per harvester



Minimum Size Limits:

 Atlantic and Gulf - Cannot be less than 14" or greater than 22" fork length

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

 Atlantic and Gulf - 5 per person aggregate of the two species



Triggerfish (Gray)

- Minimum Size Limits:
 Atlantic 12" fork length
- Gulf 15" fork length

Season:

- · Atlantic Open year-round
- Gulf Open March 1 May 31 and Aug. 1 Dec. 31 (early closures possible)

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

- . Atlantic 10 per harvester
- . Gulf 1 per harvester



Minimum Size Limits:

- Atlantic 13"
- Gulf 10"

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

- · Atlantic 7 per harvester
- Gulf 100 pounds per harvester

Pelagics



Billfish

Minimum Size Limits:

- Sailfish 63"
- Blue Marlin 99";
- White Marlin 66";
- Roundscale Spearfish 66"

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

• 1 per harvester aggregate bag limit

Remarks

- Measured tip of lower jaw to fork. All landed fish must be reported to NOAA within 24 hours 800-894-5528 or hmspermits.noaa.gov.
- HMS permit required in federal waters.



Wahoo

Minimum Size Limits:

None

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

• 2 per harvester

Blackfin Tuna

 $\blacktriangle \star$

Minimum Size Limits:
• No minimum size limit

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

• 2 fish per person or 10 fish per vessel per day, whichever is greater.

Mackerel, King

Minimum Size Limits:
• 24" fork length

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

- Atlantic (excluding Monroe) 2 per harvester
- Gulf (including Monroe) 3 per harvester

Remarks

 Bag limit reduced to 1 in some state waters if federal waters are closed to recreational harvest.



Tripletail

Minimum Size Limits:

• 18"

Daily Recreational Bag Limit: • 2 per harvester

Remarks

Hook and line only. No snatch hooks.



Mackerel, Spanish

Minimum Size Limits:
• 12" fork length

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

15 per harvester



Minimum Size Limits:

 47" lower jaw fork length with head attached or 25" cleithrum to keel length if head removed

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

 1 per harvester per day, not to exceed a maximum of 4 per recreational (not forhire) vessel or 15 per for-hire vessel

Remarks

 All landed fish must be reported to NOAA within 24 hours 800-894-5528. HMS permit required in federal waters. Zero daily bag and possession limit for capitain and crew of for-hire vessels.



Dolphinfish

Minimum Size Limits:

Atlantic - 20" fork length
 Gulf - None

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

 10 per harvester per day, not to exceed 60 per vessel per day. Vessel limit does not apply to for-hire vessels.



Scan this code with your mobile device to view the regulations online.

Cobia (Ling)

• 33" fork length

2 per vessel

Minimum Size Limits:

Atlantic - 1 per harvester not to

exceed 6 per vessel

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

. Gulf - 1 per harvester, not to exceed

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Coastal Species



Bluefish

Minimum Size Limits:

• 12" fork length

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

• 10 per harvester



Size Limits:

22" fork Special Permit Zone (SPZ);
 Not less than 11" or more than 22"
 fork length all other areas

Closed Season:

April 1-July 31 SPZ Only

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

- 1 per harvester, not to exceed 2 per vessel SPZ;
- · 2 per harvester all other state waters

Remarks

- May possess 1 over 22" fork length outside the SPZ, not to exceed 2 over 22" fork per vessel per day. For map of SPZ, please see: MyFWC.com.
- Zero daily bag and possession limit for captain and crew on for-hire vessels



Size Limits:

Not less than 14" or more than 24"

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

• 5 per harvester

Remarks

May possess one over 24". Snatching prohibited.



Flounder Minimum Size Limits:

- 101

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

• 10 ner harvester

Remarks

 May be harvested by spearing. Snatching prohibited.



Size Limits:

- Not less than 15" or more than 19"
 May not possess more than 1 over 19" per vessel
- **Daily Recreational Bag Limit:**
- 3 per harvester per day W.P. Zone
- 5 per harvester per day B.B. Zone
- 3 per harvester per day S. Zone2 per harvester per day C.E. Zone
- 5 per harvester per day N.E Zone

Closed Season:

- Feb. W.P. Zone
- Nov. Dec. C.E. Zone

Remarks

- See management zone map on pg. 7.
- Zero bag limit for captain and crew of for-hire vessels
- The above regulations take effect Feb. 1, 2020. For current regulations see MyFWC.com
- Catch and release only in SW region still in effect, see MyFWC.com for more information.



Minimum Size Limits:

• 11" fork length

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

6 per harvester

Remarks

 Hook and line, cast net and beach or haul seine ONLY.

Bonefish

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:
• 0 per harvester

Remarks

- · Catch and release only
- Hook and line only



Minimum Size Limits:

- Weakfish Management Area (WMA) in Nassau County - 12"
- All other areas no minimum

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

 WMA - 1 per harvester
 All other areas - 100 pounds per harvester

Remarks

- Regulations apply in parts of Nassau County only.
- See map at: MyFWC.com/Fishing/ Saltwater/Recreational/Weakfish



Mullet, Striped (Black) & Silver

Minimum Size Limits:

No minimum size

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

- 50 aggregate per harvester;
- Aggregate vessel limits Feb. 1-Aug. 31: 100 per vessel; Sept. 1-Jan. 31: 50 per vessel

Pompana

Pompano, African

in ●★⊿

• 24" fork length

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

Minimum Size Limits:

 2 per harvester per day, not to exceed 2 per vessel



Size Limits:

- Not less than 28" or more than 32" Atlantic excluding Monroe
- Not less than 28" or more than 33"
 Gulf and Monroe County

Closed Season:

- Atlantic (excluding Monroe) closed Dec. 15-Jan. 31 and June 1-Aug. 31.
- Gulf including Monroe County, Dec. 1end of February, and May 1-Aug. 31.

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

1 per harvester

Remarks

- Snook permit required for harvest when saltwater license required. See MyFWC.com for snook permit details. Snatch hooks and spearing prohibited.
- Zero daily bag and possession limit for captain and crew on for-hire vessels
- Catch and release only in SW region, see MyFWC.com for more information



Blue Runner

Minimum Size Limits:

No minimum

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

• 100 fish per harvester

Sheepshead • A Minimum Size Limits:

12"

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

8 per harvester

Remarks

- Snatching prohibited
- Vessel limit of 50 fish during March and April



Recreational Bag Limit:

 1 per harvester per year. \$50 harvest tag required. Vessel limit of one fish. Harvest tag can only be used when fish is retained for potential IGFA record.

Remarks

 Tarpon over 40 inches must remain in the water during release. Spearing and snatch hooking prohibited. Bottom weighted jigs prohibited in Boca Grande Pass. See: MyFWC.com/Fishing/ Saltwater/Recreational/Tarpon for additional information.



(Redfish)

Size Limits:
• Not less than 18" or more than 27"

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

- 2 per harvester per day in the NE zone, and 1 per harvester in the NW and S zone. See map on p. 6
- ullet Off the water possession limit of 6 fish

Remarks

- Gigging, spearing, snatching prohibited.
 Harvest in Federal waters prohibited.
- Catch and release only in SW region, see MvFWC.com for more information

Can't find your fish in the regulations?

Florida's coastal waters are home to thousands of marine species, and the majority of these species have no specific regulations with regard to bag limits, size limits, gear restrictions or closed seasons. These species are often referred to as "unregulated species," although the name can be a bit misleading. State law provides that for any marine species that does not have specific regulations, harvesting more than 100 pounds or two fish (whichever is the greater amount) constitutes a commercial quantity and requires a commercial license. This means the recreational harvest limit for any unregulated species is 100 pounds or two organisms if the combined weight of the two organisms exceeds 100 pounds.









Hardhead Catfish

Examples of "unregulated species" include:

Ladyfish, bonito, menhaden, white grunt, southern stingray, gulf kingfish (whiting), pinfish, Atlantic croaker, jack crevalle, cero mackerel, hardhead catfish, gafftopsail catfish lionfish

* No license is required to harvest lionfish by dipnet, pole spear or Hawaiian sling and lionfish bag limit is unlimited for both Gulf and Atlantic state waters

- ★ Spearing Prohibited
- ▲ Must remain in whole condition (removal of gills and guts allowed).
- Measured as total length. Total length is the straight line distance from the most forward part of the head with the mouth closed to the farthest tip of the tail with the tail compressed or squeezed together while the fish is lying on its side.
- State regulations apply in federal waters.

- Additional gear rules apply, please see: MyFWC.com
- 1 Harvest prohibited by or with the use of any multiple hook (any hook with two or more points and a common shaft) in conjunction with live or dead natural bait.
- X Gulf reef fish survey required when fishing for selected reef species from a private vessel in the Gulf of Mexico.

Crustaceans and Mollusks



Bay Scallops

Season:

- Gulf County: Aug. 16-Sept. 24
- Franklin-NW Taylor County: July 1-Sept. 24, 2020
- Dixie and remaining Taylor County: June 15-Labor Day
- Levy, Citrus and Hernando counties: July 1-Sept. 24
- Pasco County: 10 days starting on 3rd Friday in july

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

- 2 gallons whole or 1 pint meat per harvester; no more than 10 gallons whole, or ½ gallon meat per vessel anytime
- Dixie and remaining Taylor County: From June 15–30, one gallon whole/one cup meat per person or five gallons whole/two pints meat per vessel, whichever is less

Remarks

 Harvest allowed only in state waters of the Gulf of Mexico from the Pinellas - Pasco county line, to the west bank of the Mexico Beach Canal in Bay County. Direct transit through closed areas permitted.

Shrimp

Closed Season:

 April & May closed in Nassau, Duval, St. Johns, Putnam, Flagler & Clay counties

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

 5 gallons heads on per harvester or vessel, whichever is less

Remarks

 Visit: MyFWC.com/Fishing and select "Saltwater", "Regulations" and "Shrimp" for additional regulations specific to Dade, Nassau and Duval



Minimum Size Limit:

 Carapace must be greater than 3" measured in the water

Seasons

- Sport Season open July 29-30, 2020
- Regular Season opens Aug. 6 through March 31

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

- Sport Season: 6 per harvester per day in Monroe County and Biscayne National Park, 12 in all other harvest areas.
- Regular Season: 6 per harvester in all areas

Remarks

 Recreational trapping prohibited. Spiny lobster permit required when license required. Harvest of egg-bearing females prohibited.



Clams (Hard)

Minimum Size Limits:

• 1" thick across hinge

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

 One 5 gal. bucket per harvester or 2 per vessel (whole in shell)

Remarks

- . Illegal to harvest from closed areas.
- Go to www.FloridaAquaculture.com for allowable harvesting areas.
- May not harvest half hour after official sunset until half hour before official sunrise.

Crab, Stone

Minimum Size Limits:

• 23/4" claw

Closed Season:

• May 16-Oct. 14

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

• 1 gal. claws per harvester or 2 gal. per vessel, whichever is less

Remarks

 5 traps maximum. Visit MyFWC.com for statewide trap construction requirements and specific requirements that apply in Miami-Dade, Monroe and Collier. Illegal to possess whole crab. Harvest of egg-bearing crabs prohibited. See how to properly de-claw on our website. New trap registration requirements, see MyFWC.com to register.



Closed Season:

 Regional trap closures apply. See map on page 6 or visit MyFWC.com for 2020 trap closure dates and locations.

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

10 gallons whole per harvester

Remarks

 5 traps maximum. Trap requirements apply. Harvest of egg-bearing crabs prohibited. New trap registration requirements, see MyFWC.com to register.

Oysters

Minimum Size Limit:

• 3"

Closed Season:

- June, July, Aug. in Dixie, Wakulla, Levy counties.
- July, Aug., Sept. in all other areas except Apalachicola Bay which has open areas year-round.

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

• 2 bags per harvester or vessel except Apalachicola Bay

Remarks

- Apalachicola Bay: special bag limits and other harvest restrictions apply. See MyFWC.com for detailed information.
- Apalachicola Bay has summer & winter seasons/ areas.
- Harvest from approved shellfish areas during daylight hours only.
- Go to FloridaAquaculture.com to determine the Open or Closed status of shellfish harvesting areas.
- May not harvest half hour after official sunset until half hour before official sunrise.
- 1 Bag = 60 lbs. or two 5 gal. buckets (whole in shell)
- Harvest prohibited in any harvest area that is in the Closed status as determined by the Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.
- Bay County: Harvest and possession prohibited in West Bay Estuarine Habitat Restoration Project Tone

Sharks

Retainable Sharks with a 54" fork length minimum ▲ ★1

Blue, oceanic whitetip, porbeagle, shortfin mako (not illustrated).



Retainable Sharks with no minimum size limit A * 1

Finetooth, Smooth Dogfish, Florida Smoothhounds (not illustrated).



Retainable Sharks with a 83" fork length minimum



Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

• 1 per harvester or 2 per vessel per day, whichever is less.

Remarks

- The retainable sharks are managed as a group for bag limit purposes. In other words, you can only harvest one shark per day and the shark that you harvest must be one of the retainable species.
- Hook-and-line gear only.
- Effective July 1, 2019. New shoreline shark fishing permit and new gear/handling requirements, see MyFWC.com
- See list of prohibited species below.

Prohibited Species

It is unlawful to harvest, possess, land, purchase, sell or exchange the following species:

Goliath Grouper (Jewfish), Nassau Grouper, Sawfish, Atlantic Angel Shark, Basking Shark, Bigeye Sand Tiger Shark, Bigeye Sixgill Shark, Bigeye Thresher Shark, Bignose Shark, Caribbean Reef Shark, Dusky Shark, Galapagos Shark, Lemon Shark, Longfin Mako Shark, Narrowtooth Shark, Night Shark, Silky Shark, Sand Tiger Shark, Sandbar Shark, Sixeyill Shark, Sigill Shark, Smalltail Shark, Spiny Dogfish, Whale Shark, White Shark, Tiger Shark, Greater, Scalloped and Smooth Hammerhead Shark, Manta Ray, Devil Ray, Spotted Eagle Ray, Longbill Spearfish, Mediterranean Spearfish, Sturgeon, Queen Conch, Calico Scallop, Stony, Hard, Black and Fire Corals, Sea Fans, Bahama Starfish, and Longspine Urchin. Harvest of live rock in state waters is prohibited. Puffer fish harvest is prohibited in Volusia, Brevard, Indian River, St. Lucie and Martin counties.

FWC - Division of Marine Fisheries Management, 1875 Orange Ave. Tallahassee, FL 32311

Marine life regulations

Requirements for marine life (aquarium species) harvest:

- Recreational saltwater fishing license
- Organisms must be landed and kept alive
- A continuously circulating live well, aeration or oxygenation system of adequate size to maintain these organisms in a healthy condition
- Allowable Gear: hand-held net, drop net, rod, barrier net, slurp gun (use of quinaldine is prohibited)*
- **Bag Limit:** 20 organisms per person per day; only 5 of any one species allowed within the 20-organism bag limit
- Possession Limit: 2-day possession limit, 40 total organisms, no more than 10 of any one species allowed
- Allowable substrate: see species specifications in table
- Closed areas: Some closed areas exist**
- Sale of recreationally caught marine life organisms is prohibited
- Regulations also apply in federal waters
- Some organisms have additional gear limitations, see chart.
- ** Various closed areas exist. See regulations for Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary, Everglades National Park, Biscayne National Park and Florida's State Parks before collecting in these areas.

Additional rules apply to the collection of shells containing live organisms in Lee or Manatee counties.





Marine Life — F	ish	
SPECIES	REMARKS ¹	SIZE LIMITS (total length unless otherwise noted)
Angelfish	No more than 5 per person per day in any combination	Gray, French Angelfish: 1½–8" slot limit Blue, Queen Angelfish: 1¾–8" slot limit Rock Beauty: 2–5" slot limit
Butterflyfish		1–4" slot limit
Filefish/Triggerfish	Except Unicorn Filefish, Gray Triggerfish and Ocean Triggerfish	
Gobies		Maximum size limit: 2"
Hamlets/Seabasses	Except reef fish ² and Longtail Bass	
Jawfish		Maximum size limit: 4"
Parrotfish		Maximum size limit: 12"
Porkfish		Minimum size limit: 11/2"
Pufferfish, Burrfish, Balloonfish, Porcupinefish	Includes Sharpnose Pufferfish, Striped Burrfish, Spotted Burrfish, Balloonfish, Porcupinefish	
Tangs and Surgeonfish		Maximum size limit (fork length): 9"
Wrasse/Hogfish/Razorfish	Except Hogfish Snapper	Spanish Hogfish: 2–8" slot limit Cuban Hogfish: 3–8" slot limit

Other Marine Life fish include 1: Basslets, Batfish, Blackbar Soldierfish, Blennies, Brotulas (Black and Key), Cardinalfish, Clingfish, Cornetfish, Damselfish, Eels (Moray and Snake), Frogfish, Hawkfish, High-hat/Jackknifefish/Spotted Drum/Cubbyu, Pipefish, Reef Croakers, Seahorses, Sleepers, Yellow Stingray, Sweepers, Toadfish, Trumpetfish and Trunkfish/Cowfish.

Marine Life — I	nvertebrates			
SPECIES	REMARKS ¹			
Anemones	Corallimorphs and Zoanthids: No more than 5 polyps of each may be landed per person per day, must be harvested with a flexible blade no wider than 2". Corallimorphs must be harvested as single polyps only. Zero bag limit on Giant Anemone (Condylactis gigantea).			
Conch, Queen	Harvest prohibited			
Corals: Hard ,stony, fire & black	Harvest prohibited			
Octocorals	No more than 6 octocoral colonies per person per day in any combination; harves of attached substrate within 1" of base is permitted; harvest closes when quota m			
Crab, Hermit	Except Land Hermit Crabs			
Crab, Horseshoe	Harvest prohibited			
Live Rock	Harvest prohibited			
Octopods ³	Except Common Octopus			
Sea Fans	Harvest of Venus Sea Fan and Common (Purple) Sea Fan prohibited			
Siphonophores/Hydroids	Harvest of Fire Coral prohibited			
Sponges	Except Sheepswool, Yellow, Grass, Glove, Finger, Wire, Reef and Velvet Sponges; no more than 5 sponges per harvester per day in any combination; harvest of substrate within 1" of base permitted north and west of the southernmost point of Egmont Key, no substrate allowed south of Egmont Key			
Starfish ³	Harvest of Bahama Starfish (Cushion Sea Star) prohibited			
Urchins ³	Except Sand Dollars & Sea Biscuits; harvest of Longspine Urchin prohibited			

Other Marine Life invertebrates include1: Brittlestars3, Decorator (Furcate Spider) Crab, False Arrow Crab, Green Clinging (Emerald) Crab, Nimble Spray (Urchin) Crab, Red Mithrax Crab, Red-Ridged Clinging Crab, Spotted Porcelain Crab, Yellowline Arrow Crab, Fileclams3, Upside-down Jellyfish, Nudibranchs/Sea Slugs3, Sea Cucumbers3, Sea Lilies, Cleaner/Peppermint Shrimp, Coral Shrimp, Snapping Shrimp, Nassarius Snails3, Starsnails3, Featherduster Worms and Calcareous Tube Worms.

Marine Life — Plants	
SPECIES	LIMITS
Algae, Coralline Red	
Caulerpa	One gallon of tropical ornamental marine plants per day in any
Halimeda/Mermaid's Fan/ Mermaid's Shaving Brush	combination; 2 gallon maximum possession limit

- 1-Unless otherwise noted, combined bag limit of 20 marine life fish and invertebrates per person per day, only 5 of any one species allowed. A 2-day possession limit also applies (40 total organisms, only 10 of any one species).
- 2-Such as groupers, snappers, seabass and amberjacks. Must abide by regulations for these species on pages 10-11.
- 3-Bag limit of 2 live shell fish of any single species per harvester per day in Manatee County. Harvest prohibited in Lee County.





New Artificial Reef Locations

Florida manages one of the most diverse, and most active artificial reef programs in the United States. As of November 2019, the FWC Artificial Reef Program has recorded over 3,659 artificial reef deployment locations state-wide. Between March 2019 and November 2019, 96 new artificial reefs were constructed, and the locations from a subset of those new reefs are listed in the table below. To download a complete list of Florida's artificial reef locations in a variety of digital formats, view an interactive map, and learn more about Florida's artificial reef program please visit MyFWC.com/ArtificialReefs

Artifical Reef Highlights									
DeployID	County	Deploy Date	Deployment Name	Material	Tons	Relief	Depth	Lat (DM)	Long (DM)
BA0468	Bay	5/3/19	El Dorado	144' aluminum vessel	216	41	103	29° 58.568′ N	85° 50.487' W
BA0469	Bay	5/21/19	MB-251	10 tetrahedron modules	118	15	77	29° 55.404′ N	85° 40.201' W
BA0474	Bay	7/5/19	Bay County LAARS A Modules	17 tetrahedron & dome-shaped modules	143	18	105	29° 59.898' N	85° 54.211' W
BE0068	Brevard	7/16/19	Cary Kresge Reef	23 tetrahedron modules	69	8	80	28° 23.575′ N	80° 18.250' W
DA0241	Miami-Dade	6/3/19	Bug Light Shoal Reef	Concrete culverts & limestone boulders	300	7	24	25° 40.774′ N	80° 06.767' W
ES0628	Escambia	3/6/19	PensBayBr004	Concrete square pilings	339	8	45	30° 17.780′ N	87° 13.380' W
ES0629	Escambia	6/12/19	ESERS 305d	30 dome-shaped modules	75	6	87	30° 10.993′ N	87° 12.015′ W
HE0026	Hernando	4/29/19	Ghost Ship	45' concrete boat hull & 33 dome modules	24	10	25	28° 31.819′ N	82° 58.745′ W
IR0016	Indian River	7/19/19	JK Patch Reef South	Secondary-use concrete	650	10	55	27° 49.962′ N	80° 21.207' W
IR0017	Indian River	7/17/19	JK Patch Reef North	10 tetrahedron modules	30	8	55	27° 50.053′ N	80° 21.286′ W
LE0124	Lee	6/6/19	The Mount	Secondary-use concrete	1,095	20	60	26° 24.721′ N	82° 24.747' W
MI0114	Martin	6/10/19	Sirotkin Site 1	Secondary-use concrete	501	7	87	27° 12.377′ N	80° 02.350' W
MI0115	Martin	6/20/19	Sirotkin Site 2	Secondary-use concrete	518	3	86	27° 12.322′ N	80° 02.334' W
OK0277	Okaloosa	7/17/19	Fish Haven 15	12 tetrahedron modules	240	16	67	30° 21.891′ N	86° 42.374′ W
OK0278	Okaloosa	6/5/19	Fish Haven 19 Center	29 tetrahedron & ledge modules	103	15	60	30° 22.394′ N	86° 35.870′ W
PB0106	Palm Beach	7/3/19	ARHF Juno Reef	Limestone boulders & 284 modules	1,517	12	78	26° 52.967′ N	80° 01.837' W
PB0107	Palm Beach	8/21/19	RBM	Concrete poles & 19 mermaid statues	129	10	45	26° 45.250′ N	80° 01.636' W
PI0438	Pinellas	4/24/19	CLW Barge	50' steel barge	50	15	40	27° 55.934′ N	83° 01.382′ W
PI0439	Pinellas	7/19/19	Circle of Heroes Veterans' Mem.	13 concrete soldier statues	40	6	44	28° 03.117′ N	83° 00.650' W
SL0060	St. Lucie	7/10/19	CCA - Curtis Bostick Reef	180' steel freighter "Voici Bernadette"	589	40	102	27° 23.868′ N	80° 02.966' W
SR0030	Santa Rosa	1/30/19	SR-27 Patch Reef 10	25 tetrahedron & ledge modules	73	16	60	30° 21.670′ N	86° 50.751' W
SR0037	Santa Rosa	1/8/19	SR-27 Patch Reef 19	25 tetrahedron & ledge modules	68	16	63	30° 21.458′ N	86° 51.367' W
ST0200	Sarasota	8/13/19	On Eternal Patrol Memorial Reef	61 dome-shaped modules	61	4	43	27° 15.795′ N	82° 45.505′ W
WL0039	Walton	6/27/19	2019 Miramar/Frangista	5 tetrahedron & ledge modules	24	15	59	30° 19.670 'N	86° 22.990' W
WL0040	Walton	6/27/19	2019 Underwater Art Museum	11 art sculptures	14	12	59	30° 18.754′ N	86° 09.562' W

New Recreational Stone Crab/ Blue Crab Trap Registration

The FWC recently approved new rules that will require recreational fishers age 16 and older who intend to use stone crab or blue crab traps in the next year to complete an online recreational trap registration. This no-cost registration will allow FWC to collect important information about these recreational fisheries needed for future stock assessments and management decisions.

Completion of the recreational stone crab trap registration was required for the 2019 stone crab season, which opened Oct. 15. The recreational blue crab trap registration will be required starting Jan. 1, 2020.

To register, each recreational harvester will need to visit the FWC licensing system at GoOutdoorsFlorida.com and add the Recreational Stone Crab Trap Registration or the Recreational Blue Crab Trap Registration to their fishing license account. Recreational harvesters who are age 16 or older and are otherwise exempt from needing a saltwater fishing license will still be required to complete the no-cost online trap registration.

Upon completion, each person will receive unique trap identification numbers that must be included on each trap along with the owner's full name and address. Stone crab trap identification numbers will begin with the letter "S"; blue crab trap registration numbers will begin with the letter "B." This information must be legible and must be permanently attached to each trap.

When marking traps, it is important to use materials that will withstand being submerged in saltwater. For example, engraved metal or plastic pet tags and laminated cards are much better options than a piece of plastic that has been marked with permanent ink or paint.

Both the stone crab and blue crab recreational trap registrations were made available online before the start of the 2019 stone crab season.



New Shark Regulations

If you fish for sharks from shore or from a boat, heads up, several new regulations that will impact you.

FWC approved changes earlier this year after months of collecting public input and working with stakeholders. The updates are intended to increase survival of released sharks, improve information gathering for the shore-based fishery and address some of the public safety concerns related to the fishery.

Fishing for sharks from shore? You need the permit.

Adult anglers fishing for shark from shore must take an online educational shore-based shark fishing course AND have a no-cost, shore-based shark fishing permit (renew annually). This permit will be associated with your recreational fishing license if you are required to have one. Fishing for sharks from a vessel does not require the additional permit.

This requirement is for all adult anglers that require a license (as well as those over the age of 65 who are normally exempt from needing a license) targeting or harvesting sharks from shore, including from any structure attached to shore such as jetties, bridges and piers. The permit is also required if fishing from shore for any species under the following circumstances:

- Fishing with a metal leader more than 4 feet long,
- Using a fighting belt/harness, or
- Deploying bait by any means other than casting (kayaking for example) while using a hook that is 1 ½ inches or larger at the widest inside distance.

Those 16 and younger fishing for sharks from shore or as otherwise described above are not required to obtain the permit but will be required to take the online educational course unless they are fishing with an adult who already holds the permit.

When chumming for shark or other species...

Chumming is prohibited when fishing for any species (not just sharks) from the beach.

What if I catch a prohibited shark species?

Whether fishing from shore, or from a boat, prohibited species must remain in the water. When fishing from shore, prohibited sharks must be released immediately. Hook removal or cutting the hook or leader must be completed as quickly as possible to prevent delaying release of prohibited species.

What kind of gear do I use when fishing for sharks?

When fishing from shore or vessel, non-offset, non-stainless-steel circle hooks must be used when fishing for sharks with live or dead natural bait. The new rules also require that you be in possession of a device capable of quickly cutting your hook or leader (bolt cutters or cable cutters for example).

Learn more about the online education course and how to get the permit, see a list of prohibited sharks, and more at MyFWC.com/ Marine by clicking on "Recreational Regulations" and "Sharks."



Recreational gear

Additional regional gear restrictions may apply in your county. For further clarification, contact the local regional offices listed on page 23.

Reef fish gear rules

(applies to species marked with ● on pages 10-11)

- Gulf of Mexico: These regulations require the use of a dehooking device when recreationally fishing for reef fish in the Gulf of Mexico. All persons aboard a vessel harvesting reef fish must possess and use non-stainless steel non-offset circle hooks when using natural baits.
- Atlantic Ocean: Recreational and commercial fishers are required to use dehooking devices as needed while fishing for reef fish.

These rules apply to all members of the reef fish complex including groupers, snappers, amberjacks, red porgy, gray triggerfish, black sea bass, golden tilefish, banded rudderfish, speckled hind and others. For a complete species list, please visit MyFWC.com.

Hook-and-line gear

Hook-and-line anglers must tend their gear at all times to prevent people, marine life and shore life from becoming entangled in the line or injured by the hook. Also, it is against the law to intentionally discard any monofilament netting or line into or onto state waters. Monofilament line can entangle birds, marine mammals, marine turtles and fish, often injuring or killing them. Trot lines with 10 or fewer hooks are considered hook-and-line gear and must be tended at all times while deployed. Species identified with "T" on pages 10 through 13 cannot be harvested with multi-hooks (single hook with two or more points) in conjunction with natural baits.

Net

The following types of nets may be used for recreational purposes in Florida waters:

- Bully nets (for lobster only) no greater than 3 feet in diameter and not made of monofilament.
- Frame nets and push nets (for shrimp only) no greater than 16 feet in perimeter and not made of monofilament. Frame nets cannot be used in state waters off Dade County.
- Hand-held landing or dip nets no greater than 96 inches in perimeter.
- Cast nets measuring 14 feet or less stretched length (stretched length is defined as the distance from the horn at the center of the net with the net gathered and pulled taut, to the lead line).
- Beach or haul seines measuring no larger than 500 square feet of mesh area, no larger than 2 inches stretched mesh size, not constructed of monofilament, and legibly marked at both ends with the harvester's name and address if a Florida resident. Non-residents using beach or haul seines for recreational purposes are required to have a commercial saltwater products license and legibly mark the seine at both ends with the harvester's saltwater products license number.
- Cast nets and seines may be used as harvesting gear for the following species only: black drum, bluefish, cobia, flounder, mullet, Florida pompano, red drum, sheepshead, shrimp, Spanish mackerel, weakfish and unregulated species (see p. 12).
- No more than two nets can be fished from any vessel and no more than one net can be fished by any person not on a vessel.

Explosives, etc.

The use of powerheads, explosives, chemicals or the discharge of firearms to kill or harvest marine life is prohibited in state waters.

Spearing

Spearing is a general term that includes bow fishing, gigging, spearfishing (underwater), or the use of any other device to capture a fish by piercing its body. Spearing does not include snagging or snatch hooking by hook and line. Marine species harvested by spearing are subject to the same recreational regulations (e.g., bag limits, size limits, and closed seasons) as those marine species that are harvested by any other type of recreationally-allowed gear. The following is a list of species or groups of species that are prohibited from harvest by all forms of spearing in state waters:

- All prohibited species (listed on p. 10-13)
- Billfish (all species)
- Bonefish
- Crab (blue, stone)
- Caribbean spiny lobster (*Panulirus argus*)
- Goliath grouper
- Manta ray
- Nassau grouper
- Permit
- Pompano (Florida and African)
- Red drum
- Sharks (all species including dogfish)
- Snook
- Spotted eagle ray
- Spotted seatrout
- Sturgeon
- Tarpon
- Tripletail
- Weakfish
- Marine life species (listed on p. 14)
- * Volusia County You may not harvest by spearing in Volusia County inland waters with the exception of flounder and sheepshead, and only by the use of a barbed spear with three or fewer prongs.
- * Special Local Laws also prohibit harvest by spearing in specific areas (Visit MyFWC.com/ Fishing and select "Saltwater," "Recreational Regulations," "Full Text Rule by Species" and "Local Laws.")



Spearfishing

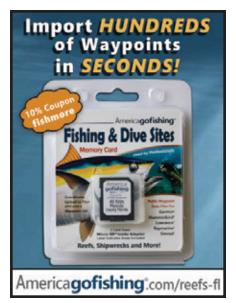
Spearfishing is a specific form of "spearing" defined as "the catching or taking of a fish through the instrumentality of a hand or mechanically propelled, single or multi-pronged spear or lance, barbed or barbless, **operated by a person swimming at or below the surface of the water**." In addition to the harvest species limitations above, you may not spearfish:

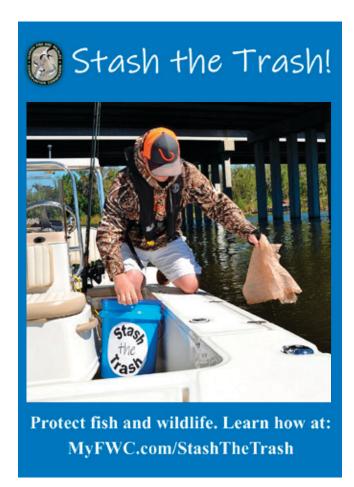
- For any species that cannot be harvested by spearing (see Spearing above).
- For any species (freshwater or marine) in freshwater. Possession of spearfishing equipment in or on freshwater is also prohibited.
- Within the upper Keys no-spearfishing zone, which includes all state waters from the Miami-Dade County line down to and including Long Key.
- Within 100 yards of any designated public bathing beaches, commercial or public fishing piers, or portions of bridges where fishing is allowed.
- Within 100 feet of the unsubmerged portion of any jetty, except that spearing is allowed along the last 500 yards of any jetty that extends more than 1,500 yards from the shoreline.
- In or on any body of water under the jurisdiction of the Division of Recreation and Parks of the Department of Environmental Protection. Within these areas, the possession of spearfishing equipment is also prohibited except when such equipment is

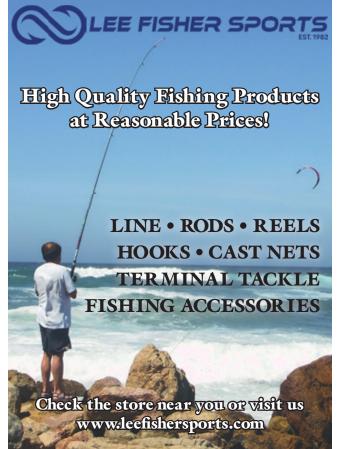
- un-loaded and is properly stored upon watercraft passing nonstop through the
- Within the no-take areas of the Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary (Visit: www.floridakeys.noaa.gov.)
- Within any area where spearfishing is prohibited by a Special Local Law (Visit MyFWC. com/Fishing and select "Saltwater," "Recreational Regulations," "Full Text Rule by Species" and "Local Laws.")

Powerheads, Bangsticks, Rebreathers

Harvest with the use of powerheads, bangsticks or rebreathers is prohibited in state waters, except that rebreathers are allowed for the harvest of lionfish. Within state waters, powerheads and bangsticks can be used for personal protection only, and cannot be used to harvest any species.



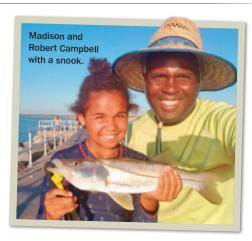




Catch a Florida Memory

Submit catches and earn rewards, all while supporting marine fisheries conservation! Catch a Florida Memory encourages anglers to target a diverse array of saltwater fish to help reduce pressure on the most commonly sought-after catches. Photos of anglers properly handling their catches are required. Learn more at CatchaFloridaMemory.com, which was recently updated to make it easier than ever for you to submit your saltwater fish photos and reach achievements to get prizes and recognition.





Saltwater Grand Slams

Catch three specified fish species in 24 hours from nine categories.

Saltwater Fish Life List

Track your progress at catching 70 species of saltwater fish.

Saltwater Reel Big Fish

Catch memorable-sized saltwater fish in 30 species categories. Anglers must submit a photo of the entire fish on a length measuring device showing that the qualifying length was reached.

Earn Great Prizes!

- Life List 10-Fish Club; each Grand Slam and Reel Big Fish: Prize pack including certificate, t-shirt and tumbler.
- Monthly raffles: One automatic entry for each approved submission made in the last three years.
- Recognition tier prizes: Qualify for multiple Life List Clubs, Grand Slams and Reel
- **Triple Threat Club:** Prize pack including certificate, performance shirt and exclusive Triple Threat raffles.
- Grand prizes: Catch all eligible Grand Slams, all Reel Big Fish or all Life List species.

Florida Saltwater Fishing Records

State all-tackle records for the heaviest fishes caught in Florida waters are maintained for 81 marine species in conventional tackle and flyfishing categories. Successful anglers receive a certificate and custom ink fish print courtesy of Fish Print Shop.

Partnerships

We gratefully acknowledge our generous partners who help provide rewards and recognition: American Integrity Insurance Company, Martin County Office of Tourism, CCA Florida, Mount This Fish Company, Engel Coolers, SeaDek Marine Products, Smith Optics, McLean Angling, Smith's Consumer Products, Tony Ivory Art and Apparel, Warbird Fishing Gear, Ocean Waves Sunglasses, Fish Print Shop, EGO Fishing, Keep Em Wet Fishing, Bass Assassin, Bottom Candy, Carlos Cardenas — Marine Artist, Reel Local, and the Fish & Wildlife Foundation of Florida. To become a partner, contact Angler-Recognition@MyFWC.com or 850-487-0554.

Triple Threat Club

Have attained a Grand Slam, Reel Big Fish AND Life List Club

Alexander Jacobson **Anthony James Watson** Anthony Carta **Christaphor Paul Cortopassi** Christopher K. Perry Christopher D. Perry Cooper Lane Goldring Dale C. Melms Daniel T. Morgan

Dennis Triana Easton Gage Thompson George S. Applegate, V George Saridakis Jeff P. Altman, Sr. Joe Stoddard John J. Jenkins Kathryn P. Berry **Kevin Carter**

Matthew Leonard Paredes Michael J. Bennett Mikele Cockman R. Shane Oldham Remington Colt Thompson Sam Giroux Sean C. Wray Sean T. Wilms Steven Damian Self

Connect with Us

- Website: CatchaFloridaMemory.com
- Facebook: Facebook.com/CatchaFLMemory
- YouTube: MyFWC.com/SaltwaterFishing
- Email: AnglerRecognition@MyFWC.com

Saltwater Fish Life List Club

30-Fish Club:

Charles Bird Chris D. Perry **Daniel Parobok** John Malone John J. Jenkins Lewis Raymond Lowry IV Matthew Stephen Batchelor Rado Gazo Tristan Alan Hill

10-Fish Club:

Adam Fier Alex Fogg Andrew Scott Harellson **Anthony Carta** Avera R. Williams

Billy Norris Blake Fish Boyd Johnson **Brittany Eatman** Charles E. Bird **Chris Lorentz** Dan Goetz Daniel Parobok Daniel Morgan **Daniel Jones** David Black Delanie Bae Goldring Devin F. Kestner Douglas Porter Eatman Dustin A. Vance Easton Gage Thompson Fd Sibal

Edward Stepensky Everett Drew MacMillan Fred Williamson III Gavin G. Kirby Gavin Mitchell Gardner George S. Applegate V George F. Williams George Saridakis Gregory Davis Henry Lee Bowman III Jake A. Molle Jake <u>Baker</u> James Ryan Dodd Jennifer Suntich Jim M. Breen Jim Thirkill Joe Stoddard

John Mccarthy Jordan Araiza Julie A. Brown Kathryn P. Berry Kevin Carter Lathaniel Lee Crews Lewis Raymond Lowry IV Marcia E. Ellett Marley K. Larkin **Matthew Leonard Paredes** Michael J. Bennett Mike E. Hawthorne Olivia C. North-menthonnex R. Shane Oldham Reed M. Krueger Richard D. Netzley III Robert A. Campbell

Robert Day Ryan Meo Sam Damon Giroux Scott Russell Parrish Sean T. Wilms Steve Wilkins Steven Damian Self **Stevie Crotty** Stuart Sun Ding Thomas C. Forlizzo Thomas Ruggles Travis Roy Williams Tyler Johnson Tyler Nims Tyler Mell Zachary T. Truong

Saltwater Grand Slam Club

Tier 1 – 3 Different **Grand Slams:**

Ethan Sonnenberg Jim Thirkill

Bay and Estuary: Ethan Sonnenberg

Jim Thirkill Nichol Mignanelli

Family:

Adam J. Ball Andrew Philip Grossmann (2) Anthony Carta Brittany Guynn Caleb M. Harper Callie Jones Chris D. Perry Christopher Leonard Gorman **Clark Georgiades** Clifton Gagliano (9) Cooper Lane Goldring Dale C. Melms Daniel Morgan **Daniel James Jones** Dean Durik **Drew Serraes** Dustin A. Vance (2) Ernesto Plasencia Ethan Sonnenberg George Saridakis

Gregory Lee McConnell James W. Booth Jim Breen

Jim Thirkill (2) John Georgiades (3) John H. Dobbins (3) John J. Jenkins

John McCarthy Jonathon Luke Huff Josh Divine Ken Lai

Kenneth W. Murphy Kevin Carter Kevin Council Loi T. Tran Lynda M. Butler

Matthew Raymond Fowler Matthew Stephen Batchelor (2)

Mir Ali Olivia C. North-Menthonnex Philip E. Smith Robert Shane Oldham

Rylan Larkin Sally Sandburg Sam Damon Giroux Samuel T. Phillips Sean C. Wray

Sean T. Wilms Seth Taylor

Shannon L. Avera Shawn Burke Steve Wilkins Taylor Burrell Thomas Carl Wisser Timothy Taylor Mathews Wayne Moore Yovani Duque

Florida: Kevin Luo Scott M. Edwards, Jr.

Aaron T. Berry Alexis Steverson Annie T. Johnson Anthony Carta Ariel Rodriguez Ben J. Renberg Billy Roberts Brittany Guynn Bryce P. Duffy (3) Caleb M. Harper Callie Jones
Capt. Dale Carl Melms Casey Zawadzki Catherine Longmire (2) Charles D. Fox **Christaphor Paul Cortopassi** Clifton Gagliano (4)

Corbett Harris

Curtis M. Bozeman (2) Dale C. Melms (3) Dalton L. Avera Dalton L. Britton **Daniel James Jones** Daniel T. Morgan David Ellis David Ware Devin F. Kestner George S. Applegate, V George Saridakis Greg Lee McConnell Gregory Davis James Y. Littlejohn Jeff P. Altman, Sr Jesse L. Walker II Jim Thirkill Jody L. Finklea Joe Stoddard (2) Joel Cumbow (10) John H. Dobbins John McCarthy (2) Joseph Chen Joshua E. Damon (3) Justin Slater Kathryn P. Berry Kevin Carter (2) Kimber Jones Laura Lorentz Loi T. Tran Marc Edward Miller-Tellechea

Martin R. Byers Matthew Leonard Paredes (3) Megan L. Slater Meghan Paige Stanland Michael Edward Kachman Michael Eugene Depangher Michael C. Conrad Michael J. Bennett Mike Cockman Mir Ali Nathan Gibson Reed M. Krueger Ryan Sullivan Samuel T. Phillips Shawn Layton Spencer G. Brogden Stephen Stubbs (12) Steve Wilkins Steven Damian Self Steven Trollinger Thomas Ruggles Woody Waggoner

Reefs and Rubble:

Jim Thirkill

Small Fry:

James Nolan Corvin Lucy Cox Marley K. Larkin (2) Rylan J. Larkin (2) Sam D. Giroux

Saltwater Reel Big Fish Club

Tier 1 - 5 Different

Greg G. Borries, Jr.

Species: Alex Fogg Katlyn M. Paul

African Pompano: Alex Fogg

Black Drum: William Monroe Preston

Cobia:

Alex Fogg Ed C. Ellett Randy Harrington **Robert Grundwald**

Crevalle Jack: Jeremy D. Kuhl

Flounder:

Alexander M. Krenn Steven Damian Self Stuart Ding

Gag: Alex Fogg

Gray (Mangrove) Snapper: Alex Fogg

Clint F. Taylor

Gray Triggerfish: Barrett Fine Matthew Stephen Batchelor (2)

Tyler Nims

Greater Amberjack:

Alex Fogg

Hogfish: Alex Fogg

Ladyfish:

Christopher K. Perry Dalton L. Avera Dennis Triana Gary C. Christensen Mason Estes

Mutton Snapper: Alex Fogg Samuel Parker Lucktong

Red Drum: Alexander Jacobson Amy Lockhart Anthony Carta Billy Roberts Brandon Guynn Carl Douglas Wilhite Christina Saridakis Clifton Gagliano Daniel T. Morgan (2) Eric T. Anderson **Eszter Keresztes** Gavin Altman George Saridakis (4) **Grace Gedraitis** Jeremy D. Kuhl

Joe Edwin Sheaffer (6) John H. Dobbins John Franklin Williams John R. Morin John-Michael Williams Jorge Morales Jorge Gonzalez Joseph Chen Joshua Counce Joshua P. Renfro (2) Kathryn P. Berry Koby Lincoln Booten Williams Marc B. Williams Mason Estes Matthew Stephen Batchelor (2) Michael J. Bennett (2) Mike Cockman (2) Mir Ali Nathan Gibson Parker Fish Paul Thurman **Richard James Manning** Sandra Withers-Kirby Sean T. Wilms (3) Steven Damian Self (2) Thomas Waldrop (2)

Red Grouper: Alex Fogg

Walter Edward Lee, IV

Red Porgy: Jordan Araiza

Sheepshead: Steven Damian Self

Snook:

Angelina Rodrigu<u>ez</u> Anthony J. Mccue **Blake Stenstrom** Caden Gage Seagraves **Daniel Patterson** Dylan C. Montanez George S. Applegate, V George Saridakis Joe Edwin Sheaffer, Jr. (4) Kody Alan Glass Marc Robert Blanton Melissa Ann Rodriguez Michael Soloyaker Taylor Robert Larson Travis Roy Williams (2)

Spanish Mackerel: Christopher K. Perry **Ethan Sonnenberg**

Spotted Seatrout:

Alexander M. Krenn Anthony Carta Christopher C. Mcvey Clifton Gagliano Dale C. Melms David J. Krenn Dalton L. Avera Delbert Ray Young, Jr. Eldon Skylar Rogers

Elijah Allen Booten Williams Elijah F. Cox Ethan Sonnenberg Greg G. Borries, Jr. (2) James R. Neeley Jeff P. Altman, Sr. Joe Stoddard (3) John J. Jenkins Jon Wissman **Kevin Carter** Marvin B. Hatcher **Matthew Leonard Paredes** Mir Ali Richard James Manning (2) Scott S. Pritchard Sean C. Wray (2) Sean T. Wilms (4) Stephen Stubbs (3) Steven Damian Self Thomas Grauer, Jr Travis Reed Anderson (2) **Zachary Tyler Annett**

Tripletail:

Avera R. Williams Christopher D. Perry Sean T. Wilms (2) Steven Trollinger

Yellowtail Snapper: John J. Jenkins

Rylan Larkin Rylee Spencer

Catching up with the latest release recommendations

Whether you're fishing for harvest, or just for sport, chances are you're going to need to release a fish. Properly releasing any fish that you do not intend to keep increases the chance of survival to help maintain and improve your Florida fish populations. Check out these tips to give your fish a fighting chance upon release.

Things to Know:

- Be aware of the area you will be fishing and local fish you might catch.
- Know the regulations for your target species and make sure that you have all the proper gear.
- Determine ahead of time which fish you want to keep. This will help get released fish back in the water quickly.

Gear to Grab:

Bryan Basile

■ Circle hooks — studies have shown that the hook you use is one of the most important factors in release survival. Circle hooks are 90% more likely to hook a fish in the mouth reducing risk of serious injury and getting the fish back in the water faster. Use barbless non-stainless steel circle hooks for an even better release.

- **Dehooking tool** Allows for a quick release while minimizing injuries and handling time.
- Correct weight tackle Using the right sized lures, hooks and tackle are important to hooking fish properly and reeling them in quickly. Tackle that is too small can be swallowed more easily and is more likely to gut hook. It can also take longer to reel fish in leaving them exhausted and less able to avoid predators upon release.
- Knotless, rubber-coated net These support the weight of the fish while removing a minimal amount of slime and scales, reducing the risk of infection.
- **Gripping devices** can be effective for controlling and handling fish, especially ones with sharp teeth. Grip behind the lower lip and support the weight of the fish in a horizontal position.

Taking Action:

- Make sure to reel the fish in as quickly as possible. Playing the fish too much can result in an exhausted fish that cannot avoid predators once released.
- If the fish has swallowed the hook, cut the line as close to the hook as possible. Studies have shown that a key factor in the survival of gut hooked fish was leaving the hook in place. Fish are often able to shed the hook on their own and you can do more damage

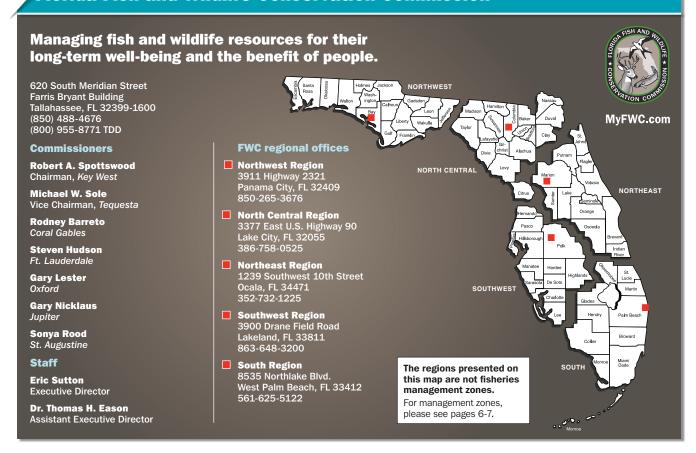
- by attempting to remove the hook.
- If possible, **keep the fish in the water** while removing the hook and taking photos.
- Never hold a fish by the gills or eyes.
- Avoid removing large fish like tarpon and sharks from water.
- Return the fish to the water as quickly as possible. One of the major factors in the survival of a released fish is how much time it spends out of the water. The more fish that survive upon release today, then more fish will be available to catch tomorrow.
- **Revive fish** that do not swim away immediately or appear lethargic:
 - » Place fish in the water head first it is easiest to hold one hand on the bottom lip or tail and one hand under the belly of the fish.
 - » Move the fish forward in the water this allows the water to be flow through the mouth and over the gills. The fish must face the direction of water flow.
 - » Use a figure-8 motion to move the fish forward constantly, ensuring water continues to flow over the gills. Never jerk fish back and forth, since this action prevents water from properly flowing through the gills.
- For fish caught in deep water with signs of barotrauma, use a descending device to return fish to depth or vent the fish by inserting a sharpened, hollow tube at a 45-degree angle, one inch behind the base of the pectoral fin.



positively impact the future of your Florida fish populations! To learn more about proper catch-and-release techniques, visit MyFWC. com/FishHandling.



Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission



The FWC's Division of Law Enforcement patrols Florida's coastal waters to provide assistance to boaters and anglers as well as to enforce Florida's saltwater fishing and boating laws. FWC officers assist boaters who are in distress, provide advice and direction to those who are traveling Florida's coastline and waterways, and may issue citations for violations of state and federal fishing, wildlife and boating laws.

In emergencies or if state fisheries, wildlife or boating laws are being violated, call 888-404-FWCC (3922) or for cell phone users

throughout the state, dial *FWC (*392) depending on your location, hail on VHF Channel 16 or report violations via text message. Most cell phones allow users to send text messages directly to an email address. You can text Tip@MyFWC.com; standard usage fees may apply.

Resource Information

Join the nation's largest conservation law enforcement agency—become an FWC law enforcement officer. For more information contact the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission at 1-866-FWC-HIRE (392-4473) or visit MyFWC.com/Law

- To purchase fishing licenses: 888-FISH-FLORIDA (347-4356) GoOutdoorsFlorida.com
- FWC Division of Law Enforcement 888-404-FWCC (3922)
- To report fish and wildlife law violations, call the Wildlife Alert Hotline: 888-404-FWCC (3922)
- FWC Fish and Wildlife Research Institute 727-896-8626 MyFWC.com/Research
- To report fish kills: 800-636-0511
- To report fish tags: 800-367-4461 TagReturn@MyFWC.com

- To report sawfish sightings: 941-255-7403 sawfish@MyFWC.com
- Bird entanglement 888-404-3922 727-391-6211 for Tampa area
- Red tide information hotline 866-300-9399 toll free in Florida 727-552-2488 nationwide
- Aquatic toxins hotline: 888-232-8635
- Shellfish harvesting questions FDACS, 850-617-7600 https://www.fdacs.gov/Divisions-Offices
- · To report lionfish sightings: 1-877-786-7267 MyFWC.com/Lionfish

At the FWC, it pays to love the outdoors!



LICENSES AND PERMITS

Florida resident saltwater licenses	
Saltwater licenses cover both watercraft and shoreline fishing.	
Annual Saltwater License	\$17.00
Youth Saltwater Fishing License — valid until 17th birthday	\$17.00
Five-Year Saltwater License	\$79.00
Annual Saltwater Shoreline License	\$0.00
Covers saltwater fishing only from shorelines and attached structures a foot. Does not cover fishing from a watercraft, fishing from a shoreline watercraft, or fishing while swimming or diving.	
Non-resident saltwater licenses	
Three-day S al t w ate r License	\$17.00
Seven-day License	\$30.00
Annual License	\$47.00
Saltwater permits – residents and non-residents	
Annual Snook Permit	\$10.00
Five-Year Snook Permit (Florida residents only)	\$50.00
Annual Spiny Lobster Permit	\$5.00
Five-Year Spiny Lobster Permit (Florida residents only)	\$25.00
Tarpon Tag (available only at tax collector offices)	\$51.50
Unless exempt from license requirements, permits are necessary for th Snook and Spiny Lobster. Tarpon tags required to land tarpon.	e take of
Information for additional saltwater permits and designations	5
Cult Doof Fish Angley Designation - few angless fishing for year fish in	
Gulf Reef Fish Angler Designation – for anglers fishing for reef fish in Gulf state waters. No exemptions except youth under age 16.	\$0.00
	\$0.00 \$0.00
Gulf state waters. No exemptions except youth under age 16.	

These new no-cost permits are available online only at GoOutdoorsFlorida.com.

Florida resident combination licenses	
Annual Saltwater and Freshwater Fishing	\$32.50
Annual Saltwater and Freshwater Fishing and Hunting	\$48.00
Gold Sportsman's Licenses	
Includes Saltwater and Freshwater Fishing and Hunting licenses and Lobster, Management Area, Archery, Crossbow, Muzzleloading, Deel Waterfowl permits.	, , ,
Annual Gold Sportsman's License	\$100.00
Five-Year Gold Sportsman's License	\$494.00
Youth Gold Sportsman's License — valid until 17th birthday	\$100.00
Annual Military Gold Sportsman's License	\$20.00
Includes the same licenses and permits as the Gold Sportsman's Lic for Florida residents who are active duty or retired military members Armed Forces, Armed Forces Reserve, Florida National Guard, Coas Guard Reserve at county tax collectors' offices with current military ic card or at GoOutdoorsFlorida.com through an online verification pro-	of the U.S. It Guard or Coast Identification
Florida Resident Lifetime Saltwater Fishing licenses	
Includes Saltwater Fishing license and Snook and Spiny Lobster per	mits
Age: 0–4	\$126.50
Age: 5–12	\$226.50
Age: 13 or older	\$301.50
Florida Resident Lifetime Gold Sportsman's licenses	
Includes Saltwater and Freshwater Fishing and Hunting licenses and	Snook, Spiny

Lobster, Management Area, Archery, Crossbow, Muzzleloading, Deer, Turkey and

Saltwater fishing in Florida – what to know before you go:

Saltwater fishing licenses can be obtained online at GoOutdoorsFlorida.com, at county tax collectors' offices and license agents, or by calling toll-free 888-FISH-FLORIDA (347-4356). All sales are final. Handling fees apply for telephone and Internet sales. For more information on recreational licensing information, visit MyFWC.com/License.

Youth under age 16 are exempt. No other exemptions apply.

For purposes of saltwater fishing in Florida, a resident is defined as:

- Any person who has declared Florida as his or her only state of residence as evidenced by a valid Florida driver license or identification card with both a Florida address and a Florida residency verified by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles (HSMV). A Florida voter registration card, declaration of domicile, or homestead exemption may also be used as proof of Florida residency.
- Active duty United States military personnel stationed in Florida, including spouses and dependent children residing in the household, with military orders.

Saltwater license exemptions:

- Youth under 16 years of age.
- Florida resident age 65 or older with proof of age and residency, such as a Florida driver's license or identification card.

Waterfowl permits.

Age: 0–4

Age: 13 or older

Age: 5-12

- Florida resident fishing within his or her county of residence with live or natural bait, using poles or lines not equipped with a fishing line retrieval mechanism.
- Florida Resident Persons with Disabilities Hunting and Fishing License holder. Information at MyFWC.com/ADA.
- Florida resident accepted as a client for developmental disabilities services by the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, with agency proof thereof.
- Florida resident saltwater fishing from land or a structure fixed to land who has been determined eligible for the food stamp, temporary cash assistance, or Medicaid Program by the Department of Children and Family Services. Must have proof of identification and a benefit issuance or program identification card issued by the Agency for Persons with Disabilities or the Agency for Health Care when fishing.
- U.S. Armed Forces members who is a Florida resident not stationed in the state but home on leave with orders for 30 days or less. Does not include family members.
- Individual commercial saltwater products license holders.

 Those recreationally fishing from a pier that has a pier saltwater fishing license.

\$401.50

\$701.50

\$1,001.50

- Fishing from a for-hire vessel (including guide, charter, party boat) that has a valid charter boat or charter captain license.
- Fishing from a boat that has a recreational vessel fishing license.
- A Florida resident who is fishing for mullet in freshwater with a valid Florida freshwater fishing license.

More saltwater fishing licenses – available at Tax Collectors' office:

Charter Boat and Charter Captain licenses are available and required to carry paying customers (where a fee is paid directly or indirectly) to take, attempt to take, or possess saltwater fish or organisms. Guides must comply with U.S. Coast Guard (USCG) requirements.

Recreational Vessel licenses are available for not-for-hire pleasure crafts that are registered recreationally for a fee of \$2,001.50.

Pier licenses are available for \$501.50 annually and exempt persons fishing from a pier fixed to land from saltwater fishing requirements.

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